Evidence of Diluted Superfluid ³He in Aerogel

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After the first experimental report by Kim *et al.* [1] on the possible mixing of a few percent of ⁴He in liquid ³He confined in aerogel in the concentrated side of the phase diagram, various attempts were made to clarify if ⁴He was homogeneously mixed into liquid ³He. Heat capacity measurement [2] supported the proposed phase diagram of Ref [1]. Torsional oscillator and sound measurement [3] has shown the existence of phase-separated droplet of ⁴He in the regime of 11% or more of ⁴He density. However it is still unclear if ⁴He is homogeneously mixed into liquid ³He in the region of less ⁴He.

In investigating superfluid ³He in 97.5%-porosity aerogel with NMR/MRI techniques, we eliminated the effect of solid ³He by covering the surface of silica strands with 2.5 atomic layers of ⁴He. However, in case we added excess amount of ⁴He, we observed interesting behavior. Superfluid transition temperature, which is 1.5 mK with proper 2.5 layers coating, became lower as introducing more amount of ⁴He. The magnetization of normal phase decreased as well. For the case where superfluid transition temperature was as low as 0.9mK, spin diffusion coefficient was increased by a factor of 1.5 both in high temperature region, where ³He-³He scattering dominates, and in low temperature region, where ³He-aerogel scattering dominates. The modification suggests that a Landau parameter F_0^a is modified towards less ferromagnetic direction. This indicates that ⁴He is homogeneously mixed into liquid ³He rather than coexisting as a phase separated droplet. Simultaneously the susceptibility must be reduced due to the modification of F_0^a . Combining with the measured magnetization, we estimated the concentration of ⁴He in this diluted superfluid ³He as 8%. This is the first confirmation of the existence of diluted superfluid ³He in aerogel.

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