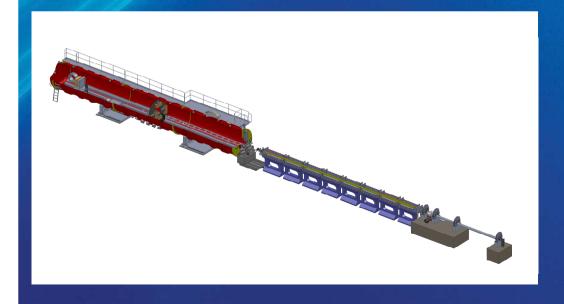




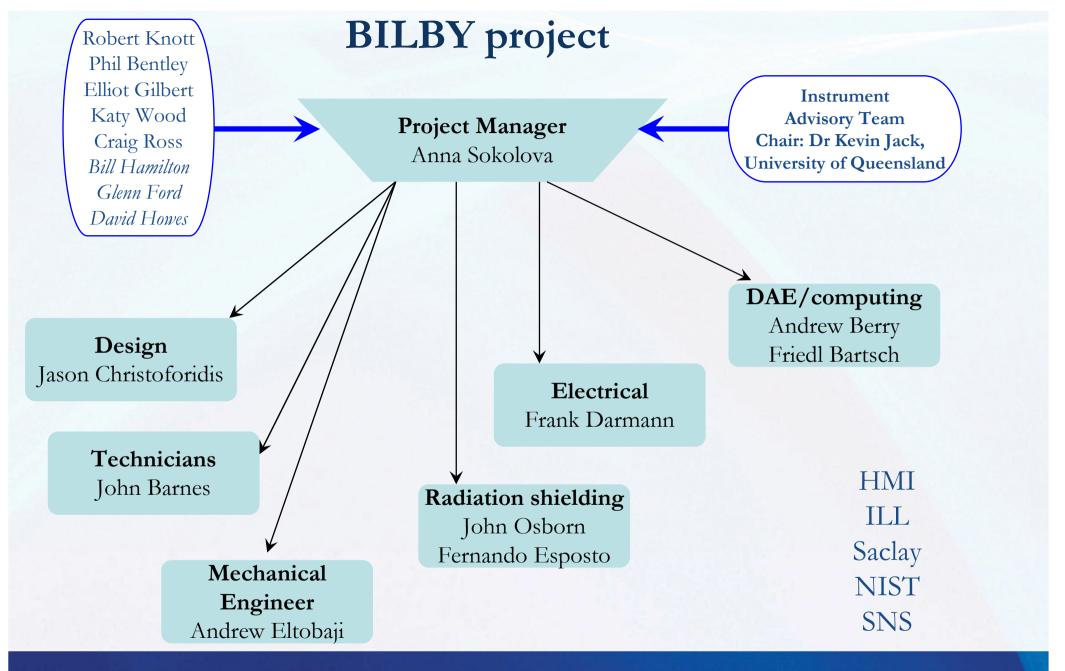
BILBY: new Time-of-Flight Small Angle Scattering instrument at ANSTO



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Project timeline

Nov 2009 General design concept: evaluation of

various set-up; NIST Workshop (USA)

Feb 2010 1st Instrument Advisory Team meeting

Apr 2010 Approval for Time-of-Flight instrument

Budget/Scope Approval

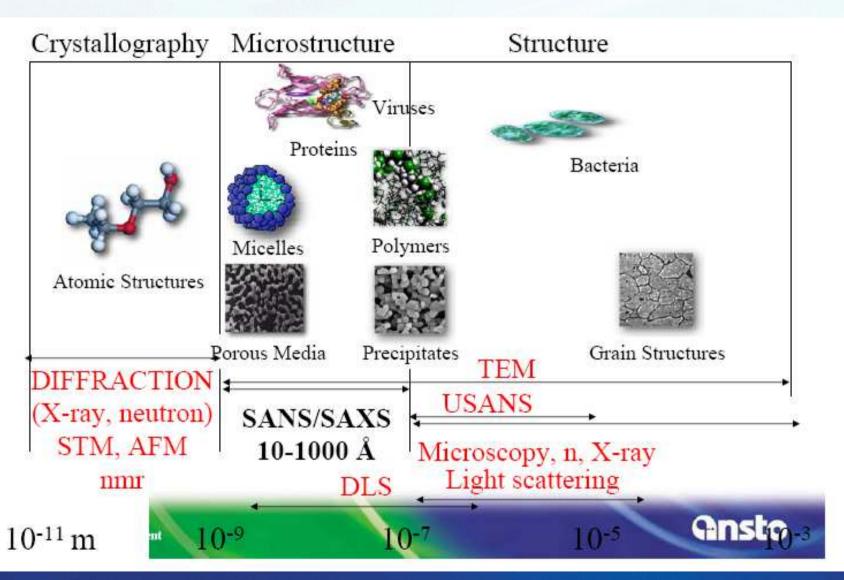
Mar 2011 Instrument critical design review

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Jun 2013 Cold commissioning phase finalised



Small Angle (Neutron) Scattering



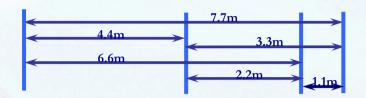


Special features of the new instrument

TOF mode:

flexible instrument resolution; extended Q-range.

Study kinetics; materials with small structural heterogeneities.



Slit mode:

very low Q.

Study of objects usually studied with USANS.

D33 SANS at ILL Dr Charles Dewhurst

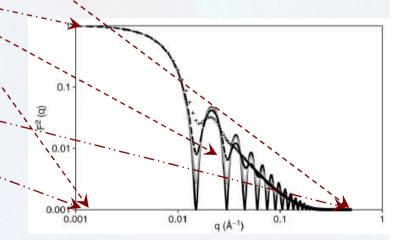
Two detectors:

single-panel front and back four panels plus extra highresolution to operate in slit mode;

Sample size:

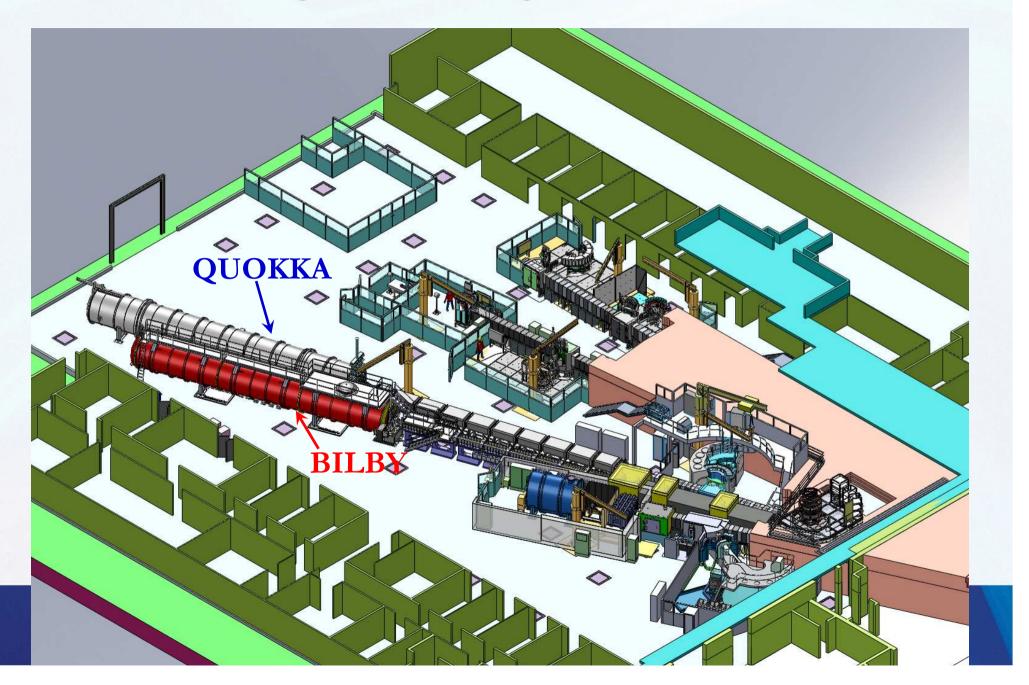
up to 2cm diameter for monochromatic and time-of-flight mode;

width of mm, height $20 \rightarrow 100$ mm for slit mode.



set of six $\Delta \lambda / \lambda$: 4%÷30%; λ : 2Å÷20Å Q_{max} =1.7Å-1 (λ =2Å), for front panels

Small Angle Scattering: Quokka & Bilby



Electrical equipment on site



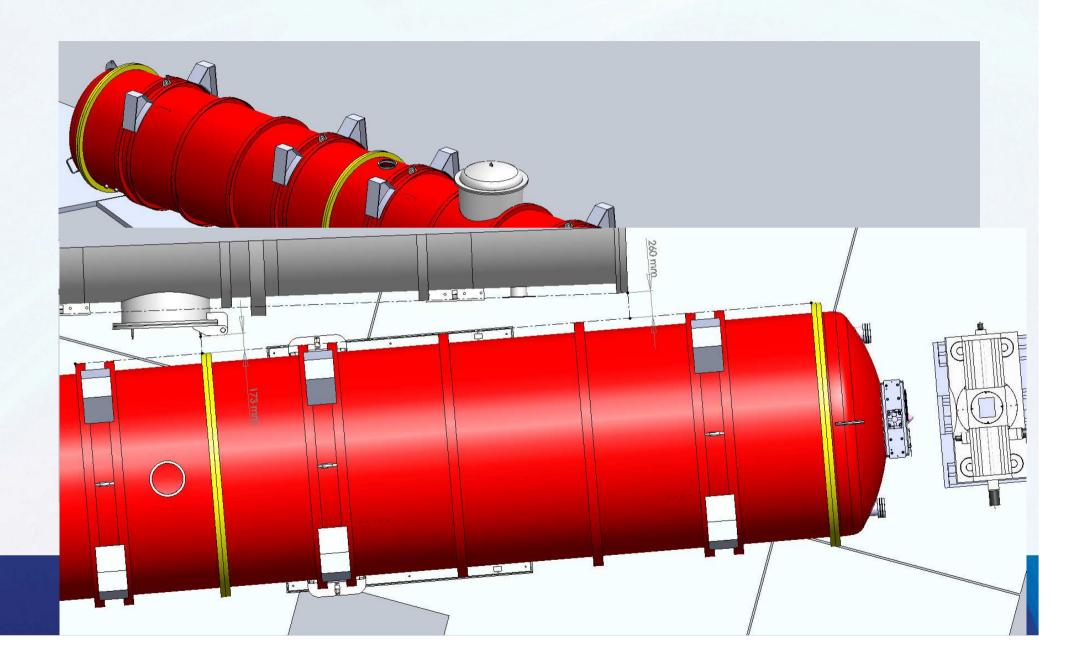


Choppers (Astrium, Germany)

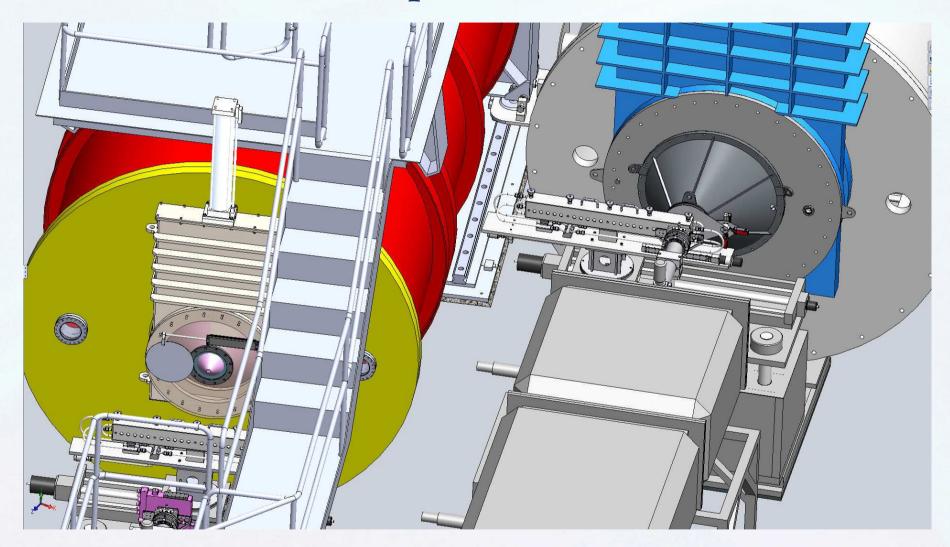




Detector Vessel (Advanced design consulting, USA)



Sample area

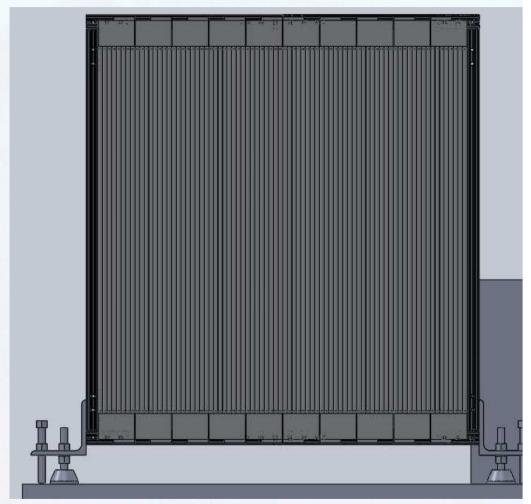




Detectors (GE, USA): 8mmØ tubes

Back detector: square area 64cmx64cm

Front detector: four curtains, 32cmx64cm each





International Small-Angle Scattering Conference 2012



Sydney | Australia 18-23 November 2012

www.sas2012.com